

The seasons steadily change bringing different plants into flower. In late spring and early summer these are common and conspicuous:

- bush sunflower- *Helianthus pumila*. Related to: sunflowers, daisies. Compared to cultivated sunflower, this plant is tiny, so it is also called the dwarf sunflower or little sunflower. Like all wild sunflowers, the seeds are tiny but edible. Native.
- field bindweed *Convolvulus arvensis*. Related to: morning glories. Flowers close in the afternoon. A vine, it tangles wheat and similar crops and so is a noxious weed in Colorado. From Eurasia.
- geyer's larkspur, *Delphinium geyeri*. Related to: buttercups. Larkspurs are poisonous to livestock, so ranchers understandably do not like the brilliant blue flowers. Native.
- goatsbeard *Tragopogon dubius*. Related to: sunflowers. Flowers close in the afternoon. The seed pod looks like a tall dandelion seed pod. From Eurasia.
- plains prickly pear *Opuntia polyacantha*. Related to: cacti. The big spines are sharp but the tiny hairs are the real reason not to touch this plant. Native.
- rubber rabbitbrush *Ericameria nauseosa*. Related to: sunflowers. This common shrub has yellow flowers in late summer. It ranges into New Mexico and Arizona where it was used as traditional yellow dye by the Hopi and Navajo. Native.
- scarlet beeblossom *Gaura coccinea*. Related to: evening primroses. The name says scarlet but often these pretty little flowers are half red and half white. Native.
- scarlet globemallow- *Sphaeralcea coccinea*. Related to: cotton. Widespread on the plains, it is also called cowboy's delight. Native.
- skunkbush sumac *Rhus trilobata*. Related to: cashews. This widespread western shrub has inconspicuous flowers in spring and red fruits in the fall. The distinctive, three-lobed leaves have an unpleasant smell when crushed, explaining the name. Native.
- soapweed yucca *Yucca glauca*. Related to: asparagus. Pioneers used the roots to wash their hair, which is why it is called soapweed. Native.
- wild rose *Rosa woodsii*. Related to: cultivated roses and to apples. Utes hollowed out the make pipestems and arrow shafts. Native.

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For more information on these plants go to http://keeleranderson.net/DevilsBackbonePlants.html (uppercase matters) ©KHKeeler 2013